

How to Tackle Noxious Weeds in Sanpete County

The Utah Noxious Weed Act, Utah Code Annotated, 4-17-1 et-al, Sec. 7, specifically states, that it is the responsibility of any person who owns or controls land in the State of Utah, to control any noxious weeds growing on such land and to prevent the spread of same by cutting, tillage, cropping, pasturing or treating with chemicals or other effective methods or combination thereof, approved by the County Weed Control Supervisor, and as often as may be required to prevent the weed from blooming and maturing seeds or spreading by root, root stalks or other means.

Whispering Pines RRC Section 7, Part B: WEEDS. No noxious weeds, as defined by the State of Utah, shall be permitted to grow on any lot. No refuse pile or unsightly objects shall be allowed to be placed or suffered to remain anywhere thereon. In the event that any of the aforementioned events occur, the Board of Directors will give the owners a 30-day notice to correct. If at the end of 30- days, the owners have not completed the clean up, the Board of Directors may direct the work to be done at the owners expense, and such entry shall not be deemed as trespass. Any expenses incurred therein shall be a lien against the property of owner payable within 30 days after the owner is billed therefore.

The most common noxious weeds in Whispering Pines III are listed below. While we could focus on the requirement of each property owner to “dispose” of those weeds due to the Noxious Weed Act. We’d rather help you identify the noxious weeds and give you some information on how to eradicate them.



Dyers Woad: Control with 2-4D, Weedmaster, Telar

Scotch Thistle: Control with Weedmaster



Hoary Cress: Control with Telar+NIS, Escort+NIS

Hounds Tongue: Weedmaster



Leafy Spurge: Control with 2-4D

